



2025:DHC:1670



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\* **IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI**  
+ CS(COMM) 433/2024 & I.A. 30284/2024, I.A. 35522/2024, I.A.  
46699/2024  
HIMALAYA GLOBAL HOLDINGS LTD. & ANR. ....Plaintiffs

Through: Mr. Vishal Nagpal, Ms. Suhrita  
Majumdar and Mr. Debjyoti Sarkar,  
Advocates  
Mob: 9810228369

versus

RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA PRIVATE LIMITED & ANR.  
.....Defendants

Through: Ms. Maheravish Rein, Advocate with  
Ms. Shamshravish Rein, Mr. Aldanish  
Rein and Mr. Ankush Kalra,  
Advocates  
Mob: 9899210868  
Email: [shamshravish@gmail.com](mailto:shamshravish@gmail.com)

**CORAM:**  
**HON'BLE MS. JUSTICE MINI PUSHKARNA**

% **ORDER**  
**25.02.2025**

**MINI PUSHKARNA, J (ORAL)**

**I.A. 46699/2024 (Application under Order VIII Rule 10 read with  
Section 151 CPC)**

1. The present suit has been filed seeking permanent injunction  
restraining infringement of plaintiffs' trademarks and logo, 'Liv.52' and



2025:DHC:1670



‘ against defendants’ use of the infringing marks,



‘Liv-333’ and ‘ , along with other incidental reliefs.

2. The present application under Order VIII Rule 10, read with Section 151 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (“CPC”), has been filed on behalf of the plaintiffs, seeking pronouncement of judgment against the defendants pursuant to closure of the defendants’ right to file written statement.

3. The case set up by the plaintiffs, is as follows:

3.1 The plaintiffs are a leading global herbal health and personal care organization founded in the year 1930 that deals in several well-known products and brands like Liv.52 under their reputed trademark HIMALAYA.











3.2 The fanciful HIMALAYA logo, was conceived, developed and adopted by the plaintiffs in the year 2001. The plaintiffs are the registered proprietors of the HIMALAYA trademarks and logos, the details of which, as given in the plaint, are reproduced as under:



2025:DHC:1670



Sl. No.	Trade Mark Application No. & Class	Trade Mark	Date of Application	Status
1.	1041625 in Class 30		03.09.2001	Registered
2.	2591096 in Classes 3, 5, 16 & 30		04.09.2013	Registered
3.	2967466 in Class 3		18.05.2015	Registered
4.	2967467 in Class 5		18.05.2015	Registered
5.	2967469 in Class 30		18.05.2015	Registered
6.	3319631 in Class 5		26.07.2016	Registered
7.	3319633 in Class 30		26.07.2016	Registered
8.	4123351 in Class 44		20.03.2019	Registered



3.3 The aforesaid HIMALAYA logos have become iconic in consumer consciousness and have garnered significant reputation and goodwill from their long, extensive and continuous use. Further, the plaintiffs have also



2025:DHC:1670



obtained copyright registrations in their HIMALAYA marks, the details of which, as provided in the plaint, are reproduced as under:

Copyright Registration No.	Artistic Work
A-63897/2003	
A-63899/2003	
A-124891/2018	

3.4 The plaintiffs' product under the mark 'Liv.52', is a natural remedy for improving liver function, which was adopted by the predecessors-in-interest of the plaintiffs in the year 1955, and has been in open, continuous and extensive use ever since. The said product is sold under the HIMALAYA trademark and is available in the market in different variations such as Liv.52 Syrup, Liv.52 DS Syrup, Liv.52 Tablets, Liv.52 DS Tablets, Liv.52 Drops, Liv.52 HB Capsules, Liv.52 Protec Liquid, Liv.52 Protec-PPS, Liv.52 Pet Liquid, Liv.52 Vet, Liv.52 Protec Poultry, Liv.52 Protec, Liv.52 Furglow Liquid, etc.

3.5 The infringing goods bearing the impugned marks Liv-333 and



are manufactured by defendant no.2 which are then marketed and sold by defendant no. 1. Further, in January, 2024, the plaintiffs came across several listings for the goods, 'capsules and tonic'



2025:DHC:1670



under the infringing Liv-333 mark and RAJASTHAN logo on various e-commerce websites such as Amazon, Flipkart, JioMart, IndiaMart, etc.

3.6 Upon conducting online searches, the plaintiffs came across an invoice of the defendants dated 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2015, which purportedly showed commercial use of the Liv-333 mark. A copy of the said invoice, as filed with the suit documents, is reproduced as under:

668

**RETAIL INVOICE**

Original - Company's Copy

<b>Rajasthan Herbals International</b> Ayurveda Park, RICO Road, Warispura, Jhunjhunu (Rajasthan) Ph. 01592-250131/250140 Email: info@rajasthanherbalsinternational.com		Invoice No. <b>09</b> Delivery Note Supplier's Ref Buyer's Order No. Despatch document No Despatch Through Terms of Delivery		Dated:- <b>23.04.2015</b> Dated : Other Reference (\$) Dated : Dated : Jhunjhunu	
Buyer:- Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Pvt. Ltd. Derwala Road, JJN (Raj.)		TERMS OF PAYMENT:- 30 Days SCHEME :- <b>BUY ONE GET ONE FREE</b>			
Description of Goods	Batch No.	Quantity	Rate	Amount	
DAMABUTI CHURNA 135GM	RA1188	800	32	25,600.00	
DAMABUTI CHURNA 135GM	RAA179	400	32	12,800.00	
DHUMARI CHURNA 45GM	RA1184	455	27	12,285.00	
DIAB HARI CHURNA 120GM	RAK116	175	26	4,550.00	
DAMABUTI AVALEH 300GM	RA1157	250	82	20,500.00	
IMMUNOBOOST SYRUP 180ML	RAK109	160	115	18,400.00	
IMMUNOBOOST SYRUP 180ML	RA1200	160	115	18,400.00	
LIV 333 CAPSULE	RAC206	196	60	11,760.00	
LI 333 SYRUP 180ML	RA1123	120	55	6,600.00	
LI 333 SYRUP 180ML	RA1124	43	55	2,365.00	
NAMIRA WEIGHT GAIN CHURNA 120GM	RAD002	700	35	24,500.00	
NAMIRA WEIGHT LOSS CHURNA 210GM	RAD006	83	68	5,644.00	
PAIN NIVARAN OIL 90ML	RA1154	144	65	9,360.00	
PAIN NIVARAN OIL 90ML	RA1155	83	65	5,395.00	
PILES GO CHURNA 120GM	RA1095	167	38	6,346.00	
SURARI CHURNA 45GM	RAC207	2000	27	54,000.00	
SURARI CHURNA 45GM	RAC209	440	27	11,880.00	
SURARI SILVER CHURNA 105GM	RAD001	420	62	26,040.00	
RAJ PRO XTRA POWER CAPSULE	RA1166	160	68	10,880.00	
RAJ PRO XTRA POWER COMBO	RAE016	43	313	13,459.00	
NAMIRA DAY CARE CREAM 100ML	RCB032	48	32	1,536.00	
NAMIRA MIXED FRUIT FACE WASH 100ML	RCL026	96	36	3,456.00	
NAMIRA NEEM FACE WASH 100ML	RCB033	96	36	3,456.00	
Total				309,212.00	
Discount 50%				154,606.00	
Vat 5%				7,730.30	
<b>NET TOTAL</b>				<b>162,336.30</b>	
E.& O.E.					
Amount (In Words): ONE LAC SIXTY TWO THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED THIRTY SIX RUPEES THIRTY PAISE ONLY Company's VAT TIN : 08571505679 Buyer's VAT TIN / sales tax no. : 08411507901					
For Rajasthan Herbals International <b>Rajasthan Herbals International</b> Authorised signature					



3.7 The plaintiffs sent a cease-and-desist notice dated 17<sup>th</sup> January, 2024, calling upon the defendant no. 1 to cease use of the infringing mark. Despite receipt of the said cease-and-desist notice, the said defendant failed to tender any response or stop the user of the impugned marks, constraining the plaintiffs to approach this Court by way of the present suit.

4. This Court notes that an *ex-parte ad-interim* injunction is in operation against the defendants in terms the order dated 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, whereby, the defendants were restrained from dealing in goods and packaging bearing the infringing mark ‘Liv-333’, and/or any other mark which is identical and/or deceptively similar to plaintiffs’ registered mark ‘Liv.52’.

5. This Court further notes that the right of the defendants to file written statement has already been closed by this Court *vide* order dated 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2025. Though, learned counsel appearing for the defendants submits that written statement was filed on their behalf on 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2024, however, it is to be noted that there is no such written statement which is on record before this Court.

6. Further, this Court also notes that neither any appeal has been filed against the order dated 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2025, when the right to file written statement of the defendants was closed, nor any steps have been taken by the defendants to bring their written statement on record.

7. In the absence of any written statement on record, and the right of the defendants to file written statement having already been closed *vide* order dated 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2025, there is no impediment in proceeding under Order VIII Rule 10 CPC.

8. Learned counsel appearing for the plaintiffs has drawn the attention of this Court to the documents filed with the suit pertaining to listings of the





2025:DHC:1670



defendants' impugned products on various e-commerce websites, such as, Flipkart, Amazon, JioMart, IndiaMart, etc., which are reproduced as under:

5/8/24, 4:00 PM RAJASTHAN HERBALS Liv 333 Syrup (Herbal Liver Tonic) Price in India - Buy RAJASTHAN HERBALS Liv 333 Syrup (Herbal Liver Tonic) 653

Flipkart  
Search for products, brands and more

Electronics TVs & Appliances Men Women Baby & Kids Home & Furniture Sports, Books & More Flights Offer Zone

Home > Health Care > Home Medicines > Lifestyle Diseases > Ayurvedic > RAJASTHAN HERBALS > RAJASTHAN HERBALS Liv 333 Syrup (Herbal Liver Tonic) (Pack of 2)

4.5 ★ 10 Ratings & 1 Reviews

₹391 ~~₹406~~ 2% off

**Sold Out**  
This item is currently out of stock

Quantity: 180 ml

Highlights:

- Quantity: 180 ml
- Pack of 2
- Form: Syrup
- Ayush License Number: 873 - Ayu
- Treatment: Lifestyle Disorders

Seller: **littlePartners** 3.6 ★ **Seller changed. Check for any changes in pricing and related information.**

No Returns Applicable

See other sellers

For every ₹100 spent, you earn 2 SuperCoins

**Specifications**

Brand	RAJASTHAN HERBALS
Model Name	Liv 333 Syrup (Herbal Liver Tonic)
Ayush License Number	873 - Ayu
Treatment	Lifestyle Disorders
Quantity	180 ml
Food Preference	Vegetarian
Form	Syrup
Pack of	2
Prescription Required	No
Net Quantity	180 ml

Manufacturing, Packaging and Import Info

<https://www.flipkart.com/rajasthan-herbals-liv-333-syrup-herbal-liver-tonic/p/itm981b933fc506c?pid=AYDGBJZAJZFJPTXS&lid=LSTAYDGBJZAJZFJP...> 1/2



2025:DHC:1670



5/8/24, 4:00 PM

Buy Rajasthan herbs Liv-333 capsules Online at Low Prices in India - Amazon.in

amazon.in Delivering to New Delhi 110043 [Update location](#) Health & Personal Care Search Amazon.in EN Hello, sign in Account & Lists Returns & Orders

All Fresh Amazon miniTV Sell Best Sellers Today's Deals Mobiles Prime Electronics Customer Service New Releases Home & Kitchen Fashion Amazon Pay

Health & Personal Care Bestsellers Diet & Nutrition Household Supplies Health Care Medical Equipment Personal Care Sports Supplements Shaving & Hair Removal Sexual Wellness

Health & Personal Care > Health Care > Alternative Medicine > Ayurveda > Chyawanprash



**Rajasthan herbs Liv-333 capsules**  
Brand: Generic  
4.1 ★★★★★ 14 ratings | [Search this page](#)  
-3% ₹380 (₹5.33 / count)  
MRP: ₹499  
Fulfilled  
Inclusive of all taxes  
Partner Offers: Get GST invoice and save up to 28% on business purchases. Sign up for  
Free Delivery Pay on Delivery Non-Returnable Amazon Delivered

Brand: Generic  
Item Form: Capsule  
Manufacturer: Rajasthan herbs  
Item Package: 1  
Quantity: 1  
Package Information: Bottle  
[Report an issue with this product](#)

₹380 (₹5.33 / count)  
Fulfilled  
FREE delivery Sunday, 12 May on orders dispatched by Amazon over ₹499. Order within 17 hrs 51 mins. Details  
Delivering to New Delhi 110043 - [Update location](#)  
Only 2 left in stock.  
Ships from Amazon  
Sold by Shree J Herbs  
Quantity: 1  
Add to Cart  
Buy Now  
Secure transaction  
Add gift options  
Add to Wish List


Other sellers on Amazon  
New (2) from ₹380  
Fulfilled FREE delivery on orders over ₹499.


Frequently bought together


 +   
Total price: ₹780.00  
Add both to Cart  
Some of these items are dispatched sooner than the others. [Show details](#)


This item: Rajasthan herbs Liv-333 capsules ₹380 (₹5.33/count)  
AntiV Tab ₹400 (₹5.57/count)


Related products with free delivery on eligible orders


 DHUMARI Herbal Churna by Rajasthan Aushdhaley - 45gm | De-Addiction Churna 5.0 ★★★★★ 2 ₹835 (₹1,855.56/100 g) [prime](#)


 OUTOCLEER Capsules by Rajasthan Aushdhaley | 10 Capsules | Herbal formula for Mouth... ₹160 (₹16.00/count) [prime](#)

 RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA Immuno Booster Syrup - 60ml ₹350 (₹583.33/100 ml) [prime](#)

 Ashwagandha Granules by Rajasthan Aushdhaley For Yikalky & Strength- Vata and... 2.9 ★★★★★ 6 ₹550 (₹129.17/100 g) [prime](#)

 SURARI Herbal Churna by Rajasthan Aushdhaley | De-Addiction | 45gm... ₹880 (₹1,555.56/100 g) [prime](#)

 DAMA buri churma (Pack of 1) for Respiratory Care, of Rajasthan Herbal International 3.9 ★★★★★ 10 50+ bought in past month ₹399 (₹299.36/100 g) [prime](#)

 LIV 333 Capsules b Rajasthan Aushdh 60 Capsules - Help to promote goo... 4.5 ★★★★★ 2 ₹304 (₹5.07/ks) [prime](#)

<https://www.amazon.in/Generic-Rajasthan-herbs-Liv-333-capsules/dp/B08JJC5X5W>

1/4





2025:DHC:1670



5/8/24, 4:01 PM

Buy Liv 333 Capsules by Rajasthan Aushdhalaya for Natural Liver Health Care | Helps in the Liver cells detox and rejuvenation - 60 pcs Online at Best Prices in India - JioMart.

654

[Home](#) > [All Categories](#) > [Liv 333 Capsules by Rajasthan Aushdhalaya fo...](#)

LIV - 333

60 CAPSULE

[Add to Cart](#)**RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA****Liv 333 Capsules by Rajasthan Aushdhalaya for Natural Liver Health Care | Helps in the Liver cells detox and rejuvenation - 60 pcs**

★★★★★ 1

**₹285.00** **23% Off**

M.R.P: ₹360.00 (Incl. of all taxes)

**Offers (2)****BANK OFFERS**

Get upto 10% cashback on using Muzikiwi Wallet on JioMart for Min. ...

2 Offers Available

[View All](#)**Deliver to**

400020 Mumbai

**In Stock** | Delivery Between 11th May to 12th May**Sold by****SEHAT****Features & Details**

- Package content: 1 bottle of 60 capsules.
- Ingredients: Amulaki, Haritaki, Himra, Kutaki, Kesari extract, Tulsi, Kalmegha, Kasani.
- Dosage directions for application: Take 1 or 2 capsules after meal or as advised by a physician.

**Description**

Rajasthan Herbal Liv 333, a powerful blend designed to provide comprehensive support for your liver health. With its hepatoprotective action, Liv 333 aids in detoxifying, repairing, and rejuvenating liver cells, ensuring optimal liver function. This remarkable blend combines the potent properties of Bhunyamalaki, Kutaki, and Kasani, renowned for their antiviral, anti-inflammatory, and anti-hepatotoxic effects. These ingredients shield your liver from the damaging effects of harmful drugs, alcohol, and infections. Liv 333 also works to improve liver enzymes and regulate metabolism, promoting overall well-being. Trust Liv 333 to enhance your liver's essential functions and maintain its health. Please note, Liv 333 is not suitable for consumption

[More Details](#)**Product Information**

GENERAL INFORMATION

**Brand** RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA**Manufacturer** SEHAT**Manufacturer Address** SEHAT

2 FLOOR, A 201, Abba Residency, STATION ROAD  
OSHIVARA JOGESHWARI WEST, , Mumbai, Mumbai  
Suburban, Maharashtra, 400102, Mumbai  
MAHARASHTRA - 400102

[More Details](#)

Article ID: RVAINGCCSV

**You may also like**<https://www.jiomart.com/p/groceries/liv-333-capsules-by-rajasthan-aushdhalaya-for-natural-liver-health-care-helps-in-the-liver-cells-detox-and-rejuvenation-60-pcs/002080840>

1/2



2025:DHC:1670



5/8/24, 4:01 PM

Liv 333 Syrup, Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Pvt Ltd, Bottle at Rs 200/bottle in Mumbai

655

**indiamart** All India Enter product / service to search Search Get Best Price

IndiaMART > Ayurvedic/Herbal Products & Medicine > Liver Supplement > Ayurvedic Liver Tonic Pod Pharma Franchise | Pharmaceutical Third Party Manufacturing | Topatho-Liver Tonic India (4.3/5) View Profile

**Liv 333 Syrup, Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Pvt Ltd, Bottle**  
₹ 200/ Bottle [Get Latest Price](#)

Manufacturer	RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA PVT LTD
Brand	RAJASTHAN AUSHDHALAYA PVT LTD
Packaging Size	bottle
Prescription/Non prescription	Non prescription
Treatment	Herbal remedy for liver disorder
Composition	Bhumil Amalaki/Mamejak/ Haritaki Pu...

Herbal Medicine for Liver Disorder. LIV 333 Syrup treats the fatty liver, liver cirrhosis, hepatic dysfunction...

[View Complete Details](#)

**Get Latest Price**  
Request a quote

**Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Private Limited**  
Jogeshwar West, Mumbai 1, Maharashtra  
4.3/5  
94% Response Rate  
[View Mobile Number](#)  
[Contact Supplier](#)  
GST-27  
AABCRD  
06212G  
TrustDEAL Verified  
Manufacturer  
Company Video

Find products similar to Liv 333 Syrup, Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Pvt Ltd, Bottle near Mumbai

**Ricliv-S Herbal Liver Tonic**  
Vardhman Pharma  
Mumbai, Maharashtra  
₹ 65/ Bottle

**200ml Herbal Liveroil Liver Syrup**  
Falahi Traders  
Suburban, Mumbai, Maharashtra  
₹ 200/ Bottle

**Silymarin with VitaminB-Complex...**  
Aislin Formulations P...  
Deals In Mumbai  
Ask Price

**Pluzine Liv Syrup**  
Pluzine Healthcare  
Deals In Mumbai  
₹ 240/ Bottle

**FHP Liv Ever Syrup, 200 ml, Bottle**  
Forever Herbal...  
Deals In Mumbai  
₹ 275/ Unit

<https://www.indiamart.com/proddetail/liv-333-syrup-23863789762.html>

1/4



2025:DHC:1670



5/8/24, 4:01 PM

LIV 333 SYRUP - Rajasthan Aushdhalaya Products Online @ Ayurvedmart

657

Call us: 9870713200

We have 100% organic, ayurvedic, natural, healthy, and safe products. We are looking for more products. SEND US AN

ENQUIRY: [CONTACT US](#) | [ABOUT US](#) | [TERMS & CONDITIONS](#) | [PRIVACY POLICY](#) | [FAQS](#) | [Sitemap](#)DETAILED CONSULTATION WITH AYURVEDIC DOCTORS: [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#) | [AYURVEDIC](#)

ACCOUNT

SHOP BY CATEGORY

# AYURVEDMART

*Ayurvedic, Organic and Herbal Products from India*



Home &gt; Shop By Brands &gt; Rajasthan Aushdhalaya &gt; LIV 333 SYRUP

LIV 333 SYRUP



Useful in hepatitis, hepatic dysfunction, alcoholic liver diseases, early cirrhosis, jaundice, fatty infiltration of the liver.

₹180.00 ~~₹200.00~~ (Save 10%)

Tax Included

CATEGORY: RAJASTHAN AUSHADHALAYA

REFERENCE: RAJASTHAN AUSHADHALAYA

SELECT SIZE ML: 180 ml

QUANTITY: 1

ADD TO CART

ADD TO WISHLIST

In Stock

<https://ayurvedmart.com/rajasthan-aushadhalaya/4141-3909-liv-333-syrup.html>

1/3



2025:DHC:1670



5/8/24, 4:03 PM

Buy Rajasthan Herbals Liv 333 Syrup 180ml | ShopHealthy.in

663

New Customers get Rs.100 Off on Orders Over Rs.1000 with Coupon Code FLAT100. New Customers get Rs.50 Off on Orders Over Rs.500 with Coupon Code FLAT50.

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ShopHealthy.in

0 item(s) - ₹ 0

[Ayurveda](#) [Homeopathy](#) [Health Conditions](#) [Superfoods](#) [Diabetes](#) [Weight Loss](#) [Sports Nutrition](#) [Food & Drinks](#) [Edible Seeds](#)  
[Bath & Body](#) [Skin Care](#) [Hair Care](#) [Home & Living](#) [Health Devices](#) [Gardening](#) [Blog](#) [Health Consultation](#) [Gift Items](#)[Click image for Gallery](#)

Brand:



Rajasthan Aushdhalaya

Product Code:

136695

Availability:

Sold Out

Container Type:

Plastic Bottle

Shelf Life:

3 Yrs

Estimated Delivery:

3-5 Business Days

₹ 200 ₹ 170 15 % off

Cash Back

5 % Wallet Cash Back

Seller Id:

113085 (KOLKATA 700067)

Form Factor:

Syrup

Country of Origin:

India

Payment on Delivery:

Yes - Cash on Delivery / COD

Suitable For:

Veg / Vegetarian

Seller Rating:

5.0 / 5.0 (Total Ratings - 156)

SEND ENQUIRY

[Add to Wish List](#)[Add to Compare](#)0 reviews [Write a review](#)

Like 0

Related Categories: [Liver Health](#)

Description

[More Details](#)[Reviews \(0\)](#)

Rajasthan Herbals Liv 333 Syrup 180ml

- Rajasthan herbals Liv 333 Syrup is designed to promote liver health and function.
- Contains a blend of natural ingredients known for their hepatoprotective, antioxidant, and anti-inflammatory properties.
- May help support liver detoxification, reduce inflammation, and enhance overall liver function.
- Protect from the negative effects of harmful drugs, alcohol, and infections.
- Safe and non-toxic option for those seeking natural liver support.
- The hepatoprotective action of the Liv 333 syrup blend aids in the detoxification, repair, and rejuvenation of liver cells.
- Bhumyamalaki, Kutaki, and Kaseri's antiviral, anti-inflammatory, and anti-hepatotoxic properties protect against the effects of harmful drugs, alcohol, and infections.
- Improves liver enzymes and regulates metabolism.
- Enhances the liver's essential functions.

Ingredients:

- Bhumi Amalaki (Phyllanthus niruri) L. DE.
- Kutaki (Picrorhiza kurroa) Rz. DE.
- Mamejack (Eriosema littorale) Wh. Pl. DE.
- Himsra (Capparis sepiaria) Frt. DE.

<https://www.shophealthy.in/rajasthan-liv-333-syrup-180ml>

1/3

9. This Court observes that despite multiple opportunities to file an affidavit disclosing the revenue earned from the sale of products bearing the



Liv-333 mark since the grant of the injunction on 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, as well as the pendency of a contempt application filed by the plaintiffs under Order XXXIX Rule 2A CPC, the defendants belatedly filed the requisite details in February, 2025.

10. The relevant extracts from the affidavit of compliance filed on behalf of defendant no. 1, with respect to the sales of the products in question, after the injunction order dated 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, is reproduced as under:

“xxx xxx xxx

4. That in compliance of Court Order dated 05.08.2024, the sales figures for the period starting from 24th May, 2024, till date are as under:

Sl.	Product Name	Sale Quantity
1.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)	6198 Pcs
2.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	4080 Pcs
3.	LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)	1586 Pcs
4.	LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	8099 Pcs

The stocks sold for the period starting from 24th May, 2024, till date are as under:

Sl.	Product Name	Balance Stock
1.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)	1460Pcs
2.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	717 Pcs
3.	LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)	1241 Pcs
4.	LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	38 Pcs





2025:DHC:1670



5. That the details of the revenue earned by from the sale of the abovementioned allegedly infringed products from the date of the injunction order, i.e., 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, till date is as under:

Sl.	Product Name	Purchase Quantity	Sale Quantity	Balance Stock	Revenue Including GST
1.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)-Free Sample For Distributor, Doctors and Patient.	7099 Pcs	6198 Pcs	1460Pcs	00.00
2.	LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	4354 Pcs	4080 Pcs	717 Pcs	Rs. 6,85,522.3 8/-
3.	LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)- Free Sample For Distributor,	1940 Pcs	1586 Pcs	1241 Pcs	00.00

	Doctors and Patient.				
4.	LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	7596 Pcs	8099 Pcs	38 Pcs	Rs. 8,25,644.0 3

xxx xxx xxx”



2025:DHC:1670



11. Similarly, the affidavit filed on behalf of defendant no. 2 regarding sale of the products after the date of injunction order dated 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, reads as under:

“xxx xxx xxx

6. That in compliance of court direction dated 24.05.2024 and 29.09.2024 the details of quantum of stock manufactured and sold under the banner of the defendants.

Products Name	Open.Balance (01.04.24)	Mfg Quantity (Before 24.05.24)	Mfg Quantity (After 24.05.24)	Sold Quantity (Before 24.05.24)	Sold Quantity after 24.05.2024	Balance Stock
LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)	1921	9825	0	2957	7099	
Total	11746		0	10056		1690
LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	1008	8350	0	3310	4354	
Total	9358		0	7664		1694
LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)	1941	1967	0	980	1940	
Total	3908		0	2920		988
LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	2389	10162	0	4955	7596	
Total	12551		0	12551		00

7. That in compliance of court direction dated 24.05.2024 and



29.09.2024, the details of quantum of stock which is lying with the defendant

Products Name	Balance Stock
LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)	1690
LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	1694
LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)	988
LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	00

8. That the details of the revenue earned by from the sale of the abovementioned allegedly infringed products from the date of the injunction order, i.e., 24<sup>th</sup> May, 2024, till date is as under:

Products Name	Sold Quantity after 24.05.2024	Revenue Including GST
LIV 333 CAPSULE (15 CAP)	7099	Rs. 159018/-
LIV 333 CAPSULE (60 CAP)	4354	Rs. 321848/-
LIV 333 SYRUP (60 ML)	1940	Rs. 34765/-
LIV 333 SYRUP (180 ML)	7596	Rs. 348809/-
<b>Total Revenue</b>		<b>Rs. 864440/-</b>

xxx xxx xxx”

12. A perusal of the sales figures furnished in the aforesaid affidavits, reveal that the defendants have continued to sell products under the impugned Liv-333 mark, in direct contravention of the *ad-interim* injunction subsisting against them.

13. It is further noted that the defendants had offered to settle the matter on the last date of hearing, i.e., 30<sup>th</sup> January, 2025, by making a payment of Rs. 3 lacs. However, the said offer was refused by the plaintiffs on account



of the defendants' aforementioned violation of the injunction order and their wilful disobedience.

14. At this stage, it is imperative to compare the marks of the plaintiffs with the impugned marks of the defendants. A tabular comparison of the rival marks is as under:

PLAINTIFFS' MARKS	DEFENDANTS' MARKS
 <b>LIV.52</b>	 <b>LIV-333</b>

15. Upon a bare perusal of the comparison of plaintiffs' HIMALAYA logo and defendants' RAJASTHAN logo, hereinabove, it is manifest that no claim of infringement can be carved out with respect of these two marks. Both the marks are entirely distinct - visually, phonetically and structurally. Accordingly, the plaintiffs' claim of similarity of green-orange colour scheme and the leaf device cannot be upheld.

16. However, upon comparison of the plaintiffs' "Liv.52" mark with the defendants' "Liv-333" mark, it is evident that the mark LIV forms the essential feature of the plaintiffs' "Liv.52" mark and the defendants have clearly infringed upon the said mark by adding a numeral "333", that does not sufficiently distinguish their mark from that of the plaintiffs. The use of the term "LIV" as the essential element in both marks creates a high degree of similarity, leading to a likelihood of confusion among consumers. The



mere addition of the numeral “333” does not alter the overall impression of the mark, as the primary and most recognizable component remains identical.

17. Reference may be made to the decision of a Division Bench of this Court in the case of ***Himalaya Drug Company Versus S.B.L. Limited, 2012 SCC OnLine Del 5701***, wherein, the respondent therein was restrained from using the mark LIV as part of its trade mark LIV-T in respect of medicinal preparations. It was held that the use of the expression ‘LIV’, even in isolation, is an infringement of the prominent feature of the plaintiffs’ registered trademark. The relevant portion of the aforesaid judgment, is reproduced as under:

“xxx xxx xxx

94. The plaintiff in the present case was able to prove that the Liv.52 is still distinctive. The customers purchase the product of the plaintiff by asking Liv.52 which is being used for the last more than 57 years. It has also come in evidence that the mark LIV is the essential feature of the registered trade mark Liv.52. On the other hand, the defendant was unable to prove that it is a generic word and becomes common to the trade. It is also pertinent to mention here that on one hand, the defendant's entire case is that mark ‘LIV’ is a generic word and is unprotectable in law, but on the other hand, the defendant itself applied for registration of ‘LIV-T’ in the Trademarks Registry for getting the exclusive right before filing of the written statement, however in written statement word LIV is a generic mark and has become publici juris. Therefore, the findings arrived at by the learned single judge in relation to issue no. 12 are not correct and the same are set aside.

95. As we have arrived at the finding that the LIV written in isolation is an essential feature of the trade mark Liv.52 and also noticed the rules of comparison which is that the marks are to be compared as whole. Therefore, the presence of the mark LIV which is an essential feature of the mark Liv.52 shall be considered for the purposes of comparison with that of LIV-T.

96. Following the dictum of Cadila (supra) and tests laid down by the Supreme Court from time to time and also the material available on record,





it can be said that for the purposes of comparison of the mark Liv.52 and LIV-T, the word LIV represented in a particular form cannot be excluded for the purposes of measuring the deceptive resemblance. This is more so when we have arrived at the finding that there is no sufficient material showing the user of the word LIV written in isolation which establishes the generic nature of the component and there is no also non establishment of material facts leading up to generic nature of the word.

97. Once we arrive at the finding that the Liv.52 mark is conclusive in registration without any challenge as per section 32, then the conclusion would be that the use of the expression LIV in isolation is an infringement of the prominent feature of the plaintiff's registered trade mark. As the defendant is using the mark LIV in isolation, therefore, the defendant is not entitled to use the same. However, we permit the defendant, if so advised, that the defendant may use the mark containing the expression LIV not written in isolation and is accompanied by suffixes, examples of which are given in the written statement i.e. LIVOGEN, Livpar, Livosin, LIVAPLEX, LIVOFIT, LIVA, LIVOL, LIVDRO, LIVAZOL, LIVERITE, LIVERJET, LIVERNUT, LIVERPOL, LIVUP. At this stage, we wish to recall the submission of the Mr. Hemant Singh, learned counsel that the plaintiff that the plaintiff has no objection if the defendant may use the word LIV along with suffixes which may not be visually, phonetically or structurally similar to the trade of the plaintiff.

xxx xxx xxx”

(Emphasis Supplied)


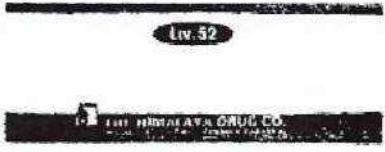

18. Furthermore, considering that the goods in question are medicinal products, even a minimal degree of confusion can have serious consequences for public health, as mistaken identity of the products may lead to adverse medical effects or improper treatment. Therefore, the risk of deception must be assessed with greater caution, and the defendants' unauthorised use of the impugned mark cannot be permitted, as it creates a likelihood of confusion among consumers, medical practitioners, and pharmacists. (See: *Cadila Healthcare Ltd. Versus Cadila Pharmaceuticals Ltd.*, (2001) 5 SCC 73)

19. This Court takes note of the details of the trademark registrations with respect to the Liv.52 mark of the plaintiffs', which are reproduced as under:



2025:DHC:1670



Sl. No.	Application No. & Class	Application Date	Trade Mark	Status
1.	180564 in Class 05	10/07/1957	LIV. 52 (Word Mark)	Registered
2.	290061 in Class 05	10/08/1973		Registered
3.	401959 in Class 05	25/02/1983		Registered
4.	839263 in Class 05	01/02/1999	LIV.52 PROTEC (Word Mark)	Registered
5.	1115539 in Class 05	01/07/2002		Registered
6.	1813135 in Class 05	30/04/2009	LIV.52 HB (Word Mark)	Registered
7.	5738547 in Class 05	26/12/2022	Liv.52 HAEMOTEC	Registered

20. Accordingly, upon careful consideration of the aforesaid discussion, it is noted that the plaintiff's claim of infringement is well-founded, as the defendants' use of "Liv-333" is likely to deceive or cause confusion among



the members of trade and public. The unauthorized use of the “LIV” element in a manner that does not materially differentiate the defendants’ mark from the plaintiffs’ well-established “Liv.52” mark amounts to a violation of the plaintiffs’ statutory rights. This position is further fortified by the aforesaid decision in *Himalaya Drug Company (Supra)*. Thus, it is manifest that the defendants’ mark ‘Liv-333’, with the word ‘Liv’ appearing in isolation followed by a numeral, is nearly identical/deceptively similar to plaintiffs’ registered and prior used trademark ‘Liv.52’.

21. This Court further takes note of the reply filed by defendant no.1 to the I.A. 35522/2024 filed under Order XXXIX Rule 2A CPC by the plaintiffs, wherein, the defendant has stated that after the passing of the injunction order, the defendants had stopped the manufacturing of the impugned products, i.e., Liv-333 Capsules and Liv-333 Syrup, on 23<sup>rd</sup> May, 2024. It is noted that the sale of the said impugned products was stopped w.e.f. 31<sup>st</sup> July, 2024 and 08<sup>th</sup> August, 2024 for Liv-333 Capsules and Liv-333 Syrup, respectively. It is further noted that the defendant has removed the infringing listings from the third party e-commerce platforms on 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2024.

22. As discussed above, the defendants’ right to file written statement was closed *vide* order dated 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2025. Further, the said order was never challenged nor any steps were taken by the defendants to bring their written statement on record. Thus, the defendants’ failure to file its written statement within the maximum statutory period of 120 days and the closure of defendant’s right to file the written statement, demonstrates the lack of defence of its infringing activities with respect to the plaintiffs’ “LIV” mark.

23. Holding that if a defendant fails to pursue its case and does not file its



written statement, the courts should invoke the provisions of Order VIII Rule 10 CPC to decree such cases, this Court in the case of ***Impresario Entertainment & Hospitality Pvt. Ltd. Versus Mocha Blu Coffee Shop, 2018 SCC OnLine Del 12219***, has held as follows:

“xxx xxx xxx

6. This Court while dealing with a similar application under Order VIII Rule 10 CPC in CS (OS) 873/2015 Samsung Electronics Company Limited v. Mohammed Zaheer Trading As Gujarat Mobiles has culled out the relevant law as under:—

“10. The Supreme Court in C.N. Ramappa Gowda v. C.C. Chandregowda, (2012) 5 SCC 265 has interpreted the Order VIII Rule 10 CPC as under:—

“25. We find sufficient assistance from the apt observations of this Court extracted hereinabove which has held that the effect [Ed.: It would seem that it is the purpose of the procedure contemplated under Order 8 Rule 10 CPC upon non-filing of the written statement to expedite the trial and not penalise the defendant.] of non-filing of the written statement and proceeding to try the suit is clearly to expedite the disposal of the suit and is not penal in nature wherein the defendant has to be penalised for non-filing of the written statement by trying the suit in a mechanical manner by passing a decree. We wish to reiterate that in a case where written statement has not been filed, the court should be a little more cautious in proceeding under Order 8 Rule 10 CPC and before passing a judgment, it must ensure that even if the facts set out in the plaint are treated to have been admitted, a judgment and decree could not possibly be passed without requiring him to prove the facts pleaded in the plaint.

26. It is only when the court for recorded reasons is fully satisfied that there is no fact which needs to be proved at the instance of the plaintiff in view of the deemed admission by the defendant, the court can conveniently pass a judgment and decree against the defendant who has not filed the written statement. But, if the plaint itself indicates that there are disputed questions of fact involved in the case arising from the plaint itself giving rise to two versions, it would not be safe for the court to record an ex parte judgment without directing the plaintiff to prove the facts so as to settle the factual controversy. In that event, the ex parte judgment although may appear to



*have decided the suit expeditiously, it ultimately gives rise to several layers of appeal after appeal which ultimately compounds the delay in finally disposing of the suit giving rise to multiplicity of proceedings which hardly promotes the cause of speedy trial.”*

11. A Coordinate Bench of this Court in *Nirog Pharma Pvt. Ltd. v. Umesh Gupta*, (2016) 235 DLT 354 has held as under:—

**“11. Order VIII Rule 10 has been inserted by the legislature to expedite the process of justice. The courts can invoke its provisions to curb dilatory tactic, often resorted to by defendants, by not filing the written statement by pronouncing judgment against it. At the same time, the courts must be cautious and judge the contents of the plaint and documents on record as being of an unimpeachable character, not requiring any evidence to be led to prove its contents.**

xxxx xxxx xxxx

28. The present suit is also a commercial suit within the definition of the Commercial Courts, Commercial Division and Commercial Appellate Division of High Courts Act, 2015 and it was the clear intention of the legislature that such cases should be decided expeditiously and should not be allowed to linger on. **Accordingly, if the defendant fails to pursue his case or does so in a lackadaisical manner by not filing his written statement, the courts should invoke the provisions of Order VIII Rule 10 to decree such cases.”**

12. Another Coordinate Bench of this Court in *Satya Infrastructure Ltd. v. Satya Infra & Estates Pvt. Ltd.*, 2013 III AD (Delhi) 176 has held as under:—

*“4. I am of the opinion that no purpose will be served in such cases by directing the plaintiffs to lead ex parte evidence in the form of affidavit by way of examination-in chief and which invariably is a repetition of the contents of the plaint. The plaint otherwise, as per the amended CPC, besides being verified, is also supported by affidavits of the plaintiffs. I fail to fathom any reason for according any additional sanctity to the affidavit by way of examination-in-chief than to the affidavit in support of the plaint or to any exhibit marks being put on the documents which have been filed by the plaintiffs and are already on record.....”*

xxx xxx xxx”

(Emphasis Supplied)





24. Therefore, the assertions made in the plaint remain unchallenged by the defendants by failing to file any written statement, despite being granted sufficient opportunities by this Court. Hence, the averments in the plaint are deemed to be admitted.

25. Considering the fact that the plaintiffs are the registered owner of the 'Liv.52' trademark, the adoption of a deceptively similar mark, i.e., 'Liv-333' by the defendants, is dishonest and amounts to infringement and passing off of plaintiffs' registered and reputed mark, 'Liv.52', which has been in use in India since the year 1955.

26. On the issue of costs and damages, this Court, in the case of *Microsoft Corporation Versus Rajendra Pawar and Others, 2007 SCC OnLine Del 1973*, has held that punitive and exemplary damages shall be granted to discourage disobedient parties and hold them accountable for the damages and loss caused to the other party by their acts of infringement. The relevant portion of the said judgment, reads as under:

“xxx xxx xxx

26. Particularly relevant to note is the case of *Mathias v. Accor Economy Lodging, Inc.* cited at 347 F. 3d 672 (7th Cir. 2003), where this Court, while elucidating the factors underlying the grant of punitive damages, observed that one of the functions of punitive damages is to relieve the pressure on an overloaded Criminal Justice System by providing a civil alternative to criminal prosecution of minor crimes. It was further observed that the award of punitive damages serves the additional purpose of limiting the Defendant's ability to profit from its fraud by escaping detection and prosecution.

27. Our discussion on punitive damages will remain incomplete without revisiting the landmark case of *Time Incorporated v. Lokesh Srivastava*, (2005) 30 PTC 3 (Del). The said case can be rightfully acknowledged as a harbinger of the practice of awarding punitive damages in intellectual property rights matters in India, a trend which all Courts are zealously endorsing and following today. In the said case, while awarding punitive damages Rs. 5 lakhs in addition to compensatory damages also of Rs. 5



lakhs, R.C. Chopra, J. observed that it was about time the Courts dealing actions for infringement of trade marks, copyrights, patents, etc. should not only grant compensatory damages but also award punitive damages with a view to discourage and dishearten law-breakers who indulge in violations with impunity out of lust for money so that they realize that in case they are caught, they would be liable not only to reimburse the aggrieved party but would be liable to pay punitive damages also, which may spell financial disaster for them. Following observations of the learned single Judge in paragraph 7 of the said case, incarnating the jurisprudence underlying the practice of awarding punitive damages in India, are reproduced as under:

7. Coming to the claim of Rs. 5 lacs as punitive and exemplary damages for the flagrant infringement of the Plaintiff's trade mark, this Court is of the considered view that a distinction has to be drawn between compensatory damages and punitive damages. The award of compensatory damages to a Plaintiff is aimed at compensating him for the loss suffered by him whereas punitive damages are aimed at deterring a wrongdoer and the like minded from indulging in such unlawful activities. Whenever an action has criminal propensity also the punitive damages are clearly called for so that the tendency to violate the laws and infringe the rights of others with a view to make money is curbed. The punitive damages are founded on the philosophy of corrective justice and as such in appropriate cases these must be awarded to give a signal to the wrong doers that law does not take a breach merely as a matter between rival parties but feels concerned about those also who are not party to the lis but suffer on accounts of the breach. In the case in hand itself, it is not only the Plaintiff, who has suffered on account of the infringement of its trade mark and Magazine design but a large number of readers of the Defendant's Magazine "TIME ASIA SANSKARAN" also have suffered by purchasing the Defendants' Magazines under an impression that the same are from the reputed publishing house of the Plaintiff company.

xxx xxx xxx"

(Emphasis Supplied)

27. In view of the defendants' continued and willful infringement of the plaintiffs' "Liv.52" mark despite the subsistence of an *ad-interim* injunction, this Court finds it appropriate to impose costs and damages to compensate the plaintiffs for the losses suffered and to deter such unlawful conduct. The defendants, having derived undue commercial benefit from the unauthorized



use of the impugned “Liv-333” mark, are liable to compensate the plaintiffs for the loss of goodwill, dilution of trademark rights, and unjust enrichment.

28. This Court has taken note of the affidavit of costs which was handed over by the learned counsel for the plaintiffs and taken on record during the course of arguments, as per which, the plaintiffs have incurred a cost of Rs. 10,91,567/- in pursuing the present legal proceedings.

29. Accordingly, the present application is allowed and the following directions are issued:

I. The suit is decreed in favour of the plaintiffs and against the defendants in terms of Para 69 (a) and (b) of the plaint.

II. Cost of the suit, i.e., ₹ 10,91,567/- is granted in favour of the plaintiffs.

III. Plaintiffs are further entitled to damages to the tune of ₹ 20 Lacs, payable by defendant nos. 1 and 2, i.e., ₹ 10 Lacs each.

30. Payment shall be made by defendant nos. 1 and 2 to the plaintiffs within a period of four months.

31. Let decree sheet be drawn up.

32. The present suit, along with the pending applications, stands disposed of.

**MINI PUSHKARNA, J**

**FEBRUARY 25, 2025**

**Corrected & Released on: 13<sup>th</sup> March, 2025**